

Wilburton Primary School Medium Term Plan

Term: Autumn 1, 2022	Class/Year Groups:		Subject:		Topic/Unit:	
Value Skill in Focus (building up each half-term)	Autumn 1: Focus	Autumn 2: Respect and Collaboration	Spring 1: Initiative	Spring 2: Curiosity	Summer 1: Resilience and Risk Taking	Summer 2: Applying them all to be successful learners
Main Outcome: (oral, written or practical - one of each type per subject per year, in most subjects)	<p>In this unit, children will work to produce an oral and written adverts to persuade tourists to visit Brittany including interesting features of coastline.</p> <p>In Yr3/4 pupils will map at least one part of the Brittany coastline, representing and explaining the features. . In Yr5/6 pupils will map several parts of the Brittany coastline, representing and explaining the features. Children will connect features with coastal erosion.</p> <p>To achieve this outcome they will need to be taught the following general, transferable, oral/written/practical skills: 2-D and 3-D mapping of a coastline; addressing the audience in a clear voice; using persuasive features.</p>					
<p>Key Concepts in this subject for children to learn and remember (knowledge, skills, vocabulary)</p> <p>One per box, between 6-12 depending on age and length of unit of work.</p>	<p>Brittany is France’s northwesternmost region, extending out toward the Atlantic Ocean.</p>	<p>Brittany is a popular tourist destination due to its mild climate and beautiful 1000 mile long coastline.</p>	<p>What is a coast? It is where the land meets the sea. There are many different types: Bays, Beaches, Headlands, Cliffs. (Coasts are always changing because the wind and water work on them continually. Coasts cover only a small part of the land. They are home to many plants, bird and animals)</p>	<p>Bay- a wide, curved inlet of a sea or lake</p>	<p>Beach- an area of sand or pebbles along a coast</p>	<p>Headland- a part of the coastline that juts out into the sea and usually ends in a cliff</p>
	<p>Cliff- a steep rocky slope that may overlook the sea</p>	<p>Coastal erosion- occurs when the sea wears away the land. Coastal features such as caves, arches and stacks are all formed by erosion.</p>	<p>Cave - a hollow in a cliff formed by wave action enlarging a crack in the cliff</p>	<p>Arch - a coastal feature formed when waves erode through a headland</p>	<p>Stack- If there is a weak point at the top of the arch, the arch collapses and becomes a stack. The stack is a piece of rock isolated from the main coastline.</p>	<p>Spit -an extended stretch of beach material that projects out to sea and is joined to the mainland at one end. Spits are formed where the prevailing wind blows at an angle to the coastline</p>